	6 pages	March 2010 Revision of April 2009	
DESCRIPTION	two component solvent free amine cured modified epoxy coating		
PRINCIPAL CHARACTERISTICS	 tankcoating for drinking water can be applied by single feed airless spray equipmer reduced explosion risk and fire hazard good visibility in confined spaces due to light colour approved for potable water by: National Institute of F for other approvals see sheet 1882 Recognized corrosion control coating (Lloyd's register) 	Public Health, Norway	
COLOURS AND GLOSS	cream - gloss		
BASIC DATA AT 20°C Mass density Volume solids VOC (supplied) Recommended dry film thickness Theoretical spreading rate Touch dry after Overcoating interval Full cure after Shelf life (cool and dry place)	(1 g/cm ³ = 8.25 lb/US gal; 1 m ² /l = 40.7 ft ² /US gal) (data for mixed product) 1.3 g/cm ³ 100% max. 33 g/kg (Directive 1999/13/EC, SED) max. 44 g/l (approx. 0.4 lb/gal) see information sheet 1411 300 - 400 μ m depending on system 3.3 m ² /l for 300 μ m * 8 hours min. 24 hours * max. 20 days * 12 days * (data for components) at least 12 months		
	* see additional data		
RECOMMENDED SUBSTRATE CONDITIONS AND TEMPERATURES	 steel; blast cleaned to ISO-Sa2½, blasting profile if a holding primer is required SigmaCover 280, S 50 μm) or SigmaPrime 200 (dft of 75 μm) should concrete; blast cleaned to remove loose particles contamination if a primer is required to withstand hydrostatic pre 1090 prior to application of SigmaGuard CSF 575 substrate temperature must be above 10°C and at le point during application and curing 	SigmaGuard 215 (dft of be used s, laitance and essure, use SigmaShield 5	





DATA

March 2010

DATA

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE	mixing ratio by volume: base to hardener 80 : 20
	 the temperature of the mixed base and hardener should preferably be at least 20°C at lower temperature the viscosity will be too high for spray application no thinner should be added for recommended application instructions: see working procedure
Induction time	none
Pot life	approx. 1 hour at 20°C * * see additional data
AIRLESS SPRAY	 use heavy duty single feed airless spray equipment preferably 60:1 pump ratio and suitable high pressure hoses in-line heating or insulated hoses may be necessary to avoid cooling down of paint in hoses at low air temperature application with 45:1 airless spray equipment is possible provided in-line heated high pressure hoses are used in case of using 45:1 airless spray equipment the paint must be heated to approx. 30°C in order to obtain the right application viscosity length of hoses should be as short as possible
Recommended thinner Nozzle orifice Nozzle pressure	no thinner should be added approx. 0.53 mm (= 0.021 in) at 20°C (paint temperature) min. 28 MPa (= approx. 280 bar; 4000 p.s.i.) at 30°C (paint temperature) min. 22 MPa (= approx. 220 bar; 3000 p.s.i.)
BRUSH/ROLLER Recommended thinner	for stripe coating and spot repair only no thinner should be added
CLEANING SOLVENT	 Thinner 90-83 (preferred) or Thinner 90-53 all equipment used for application must be cleaned immediately after use paint inside the spraying equipment must be removed before the pot life time has been expired
SAFETY PRECAUTIONS	for paint and recommended thinners see safety sheets 1430, 1431 and relevant material safety data sheets
	although this is a solvent free paint, care should be taken to avoid inhalation of spray mist as well as contact between the wet paint and exposed skin or eyes
	 no solvent present; however, spray mist is not harmless, a fresh air mask should be used during spraying ventilation should be provided in confined spaces to maintain good visibility





SIGMAGUARD CSF 575

March 2010

ADDITIONAL DATA

Film thickness and spreading rate

theoretical spreading rate m²/l	3.3	2.5	
dft in µm	300	400	

max. dft when brushing:

100 µm

measuring wet film thickness

- a difference is often obtained between the measured apparent wft and the real applied wft
- this is due to the thixotropy and the surface tension of the paint which retards the release of air trapped in the paint film for some time
- a practical recommendation is to apply a wft which is equal to the specified dft plus 60 μm

measuring dry film thickness

- because of low initial hardness the dft cannot be measured for some days (depending on ambient temperature) after application due to the penetration of the measuring device into the paint film
- the dft should be measured using a calibration foil of known thickness placed in between the coating and the measuring device

Overcoating table for SigmaGuard CSF 575 for dft up to 300 μm

substrate temperature	10°C	20°C	30°C	40°C
minimum interval	4 days	24 hours	16 hours	10 hours
maximum interval	28 days	20 days	14 days	14 days

- surface should be dry and free from any contamination

page 3/6





PPG Protective & Marine Coatings

SIGMAGUARD CSF 575

March 2010

Curing table for dft up to 300 µm

substrate temperature	dry to handle	full cure for drinking water
10°C *	4 days	20 days
20°C	1 day	12 days
30°C	16 hours	7 days
40°C	10 hours	5 days

* for the first 24 hours the maximum RH must be 50% or lower

- adequate ventilation must be maintained during application and curing (please refer to sheets 1433 and 1434)
- for drinking water tanks SigmaGuard CSF 575 must not be applied at temperatures below 10°C
- for drinking water tanks, a tankwash should be carried out after full cure and before the tank goes into service
- for storage and transport of drinking water the recommended working procedure should be followed
- WASHING PROCEDURE
- all personnel should wear watertight suits, boots and gloves properly cleaned with a sodium hypochlorite solution (1% active chlorine per liter)
- all tank sides, bottom and deckheads etc. should be brush cleaned or highpressure spray cleaned with 1% active chlorine solution as above note: this can also be done by butterworth washing
- all parts should be high pressure cleaned with tap water and tanks drained
- concentrated active chlorine solution should be sprinkled on bottom; approx. 1 ltr/10 m²
- tanks should be filled with tap water to a depth of approx. 20 cm and the water should remain in the tank for at least 2 hours (max. 24 hours)
- tanks should be thoroughly flushed out with tap water
- depending upon local regulations it may be necessary to take water samples, after filling tank completely, to check on bacteria
- after this procedure the tanks will be fit to carry drinking water





Pot life (at application viscosity)

20°C	60 min.	
30°C	45 min.	

DATA

- due to exothermic reaction, temperature during and after mixing may increase
- DISCLAIMER
- SigmaGuard CSF 575 is especially developed for the storage and transport of drinking water and is approved for purpose in accordance with the requirements of the relevant certificate (See sheet 1882).
- In order to fulfill the requirements it is important that the coating is well ventilated during application and curing and that the coating has received full curing.
- Furthermore the recommended washing procedure should be followed before exposure to drinking water, in line with our latest datasheet and working procedure.
- PPG Protective & Marine Coatings does not accept any responsibility or liability for any odour, taste or contamination imparted to the drinking water from the coatings or products retained in the coating.

Worldwide availabilityWhilst it is always the aim of PPG Protective & Marine Coatings to supply
the same product on a worldwide basis, slight modification of the product is
sometimes necessary to comply with local or national rules/circumstances.
Under these circumstances an alternative product data sheet is used.

REFERENCES Explanation to product data sheets see information sheet 1411 see information sheet 1430 Safety indications Safety in confined spaces and health safety Explosion hazard - toxic hazard see information sheet 1431 Safe working in confined spaces see information sheet 1433 Directives for ventilation practice see information sheet 1434 Cleaning of steel and removal of rust see information sheet 1490 Specification for mineral abrasives see information sheet 1491

page 5/6





PPG Protective &

Marine Coatings

SIGMAGUARD CSF 575

March 2010

DATA

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

The information in this data sheet is based upon laboratory tests we believe to be accurate and is intended for guidance only. All recommendations or suggestions relating to the use of the Sigma Coatings products made by PPG Protective & Marine Coatings, whether in technical documentation, or in response to a specific enquiry, or otherwise, are based on data which to the best of our knowledge are reliable. The products and information are designed for users having the requisite knowledge and industrial skills and it is the end-user's responsibility to determine the suitability of the product for its intended use.

PPG Protective & Marine Coatings has no control over either the quality or condition of the substrate, or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. PPG Protective & Marine Coatings does therefore not accept any liability arising from loss, injury or damage resulting from such use or the contents of this data sheet (unless there are written agreements stating otherwise).

The data contained herein are liable to modification as a result of practical experience and continuous product development.

This data sheet replaces and annuls all previous issues and it is therefore the user's responsibility to ensure that this sheet is current prior to using the product.

The English text of this document shall prevail over any translation thereof.

PDS 7475 179135 cream 3012002200



